Art. 505.D000

Tryptic Soy Broth 1000 mL

	Technical Data
Use in	• Pharmaceutical Industry • Cosmetic Industry • Food Industry • For industrial, laboratory & research applications only
Use for	• Test for specified micro-organisms • Preparation of test strains • Diluent for sample preparation • Identification and growth of aerobic micro-organisms
Typical composition per liter	Basic medium according to Ph. Eur. 2.6.1 and USP <71> Casein peptone 17 g; Glucose x H_2O 2.5 g Soy peptone 3 g; K_2HPO_4 2.5 g NaCl 5 g This medium can be adjusted / or supplemented according to the performance criteria required.
Filling volume	• 1000 mL
Bottle format	• 1000 mL laboratory glass screw cap bottle • Type I glass (borosilicate glass) • Bottle opening about 30 mm • Colour of cap: green • GL45 screw cap with 3 integrated septa
Bottles per tray	• 6 bottles on a plastic tray wrapped with shrink foil
Shelf life	• 18 months from production date
Storage conditions	• Recommended storage temperature: 2 – 25 °C • Should be stored at temperatures as stable as possible • Store protected from light exposure
Label	• On the side • Contain autoclave indicator
Label information	• Product name: TSB 1000 mL • Expiry date: YYYYMMMDD ➔ MMM in letters (e.g.: 2026Nov04) • Lot-number • Individual number • Barcode
Barcode	• 2-dimensional (data matrix), 20 digits: • Digits 1-3: Art.-No. • Digits 4-9: Lot-Number • Digits 10-14: Individual-Number • Digits 15-20: Date (YYMMDD)

	Technical Data
Delivery	• Temperature controlled delivery on request • For shipments of larger amounts plastic pallets in Euro-size can be used
Bottle information	• Label contains autoclaving indicator (brown ➔ green) • Bottles are incubated at 25 – 35 °C for at least 48 hours after autoclaving and then packed • Bottles are not touched any more by hand after autoclaving
Place of production	PharmaMedia Dr. Müller GmbH Gustav-Throm-Str. 1, 69181 Leimen - Germany

Quality control, Certificates

Certificates

Each batch of product can be obtained with a certificate of analysis (CoA):

Physico-chemical test parameters:				
Appearance	Clear, amber			
pH value	7.1 – 7.5			
Filling volume	980 – 1040 mL			
Growth Promotion test: 10-100 CFU*				
S. aureus	ATCC 6538	30-35 °C	1 day	Good growth
E. coli	ATCC 8739	30-35 °C	1 day	Good growth
P. paraeruginosa	ATCC 9027	30-35 °C	1 day	Good growth
B. spizizenii	ATCC 6633	30-35 °C	1 day	Good growth
C. albicans	ATCC 10231	20-25 °C	3-5 days	Good growth
A. brasiliensis	ATCC 16404	20-25 °C	3-5 days	Good growth
Sterility control				
≥ 7 days at 30-35 °C, no growth				

*In case of direct inoculation and incubation in the bottle, please check the recommendations for use on next page

Appearance

Tryptic Soy Broth (TSB) contains a blend of peptones and other biologically derived extracts. Due to the natural origin of these protein-based raw materials, small particles may occasionally be present in solution or as sediment that disperse upon shaking.
These particles do not pose any microbiological risks. They are sterile since they have been terminally sterilized by autoclaving together with the medium in the final container.
Moreover, these particles do not interfere with the usage of the medium since they are clearly distinguishable from microbiological growth.

	Quality control, Certificates
Certificate of origin	All media lots produced by PMM can be obtained with a Certificate of Origin (CoO). All animal derived raw materials are specified as follows: • Raw material • Tissue • Animal source • Country of origin • Infectivity category (acc. to TSE guideline: EMA/410/01 current version)
BSE policy	In compliance with the current note for guidance on minimizing the risk of transmitting animal spongiform encephalopathy via human or veterinary medicinal products, we check the CoO of raw material in respect to the specified animal source, the country of origin and the infectivity category. We neither store or process ruminant raw materials obtained from high infectivity tissues (IA) nor ruminant raw materials whose animal source originates from countries or regions with an undetermined risk (cat C/GBR IV).

	Recommendations for use
Release of negative pressure in media bottles	During the autoclaving process, chemical reactions inside the bottles may result in a slight vacuum. Please ensure that the vacuum is released without contaminating the bottle. Ideally, the vacuum is released by puncturing the septum with an aeration needle equipped with a sterile filter prior to opening a bottle.
Aeration for direct inoculation	During the autoclaving process, most of the oxygen inside the bottles is consumed in a chemical reaction, thus resulting in a medium not suitable for direct inoculation of aerobic microorganisms. When using such bottle for the growth of aerobic microorganisms without opening, please ensure that the bottle is aerated throughout the complete incubation process by an aeration needle equipped with a sterile filter. Additionally, air filtered through a sterile filter may be pressed into the bottle using a syringe. Example for aeration: For bottles containing larger volumes of medium, e.g. TSB in 500 or 1000 mL, puncture the bottle lid (stopper) by a cannula of at least 1.6 mm diameter equipped with a sterile filter. Equilibrate with the cannula for not less than three days at 20 to 25 °C prior to inoculation.

	Safety Data
Toxic ingredients	• None
Basic composition	• See typical composition
Solvent content	• None
Safety data sheet required	• Not mandatorily required